

“Indeed, too much praise cannot be given to this portion of the show, and it reflects great credit upon the Indian exhibitors.”

91. The Indians, on 30th June, 1889 and 1890, respectively, were, according to the estimate of the Indian Department, distributed over the Dominion in the following numbers :—

| | 1889. | 1890. |
|--|---------|---------|
| Ontario..... | 17,752 | 17,776 |
| Quebec..... | 13,500 | 13,599 |
| Nova Scotia..... | 2,049 | 2,107 |
| New Brunswick..... | 1,574 | 1,569 |
| Prince Edward Island..... | 314 | 321 |
| Manitoba and North-West Territories..... | 24,522 | 25,743 |
| Peace River District..... | 2,088 | 2,038 |
| Athabaska..... | 8,000 | 8,000 |
| McKenzie..... | 7,000 | 7,000 |
| Eastern Ruperts' Land..... | 4,016 | 4,016 |
| Labrador, Canadian Interior..... | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Arctic Coast..... | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| British Columbia..... | 35,765 | 34,416 |
| Total.. | 121,520 | 122,585 |

Number of
Indians in
Canada,
1889 and
1890.

92. The amount at the credit of the Indian Fund, which consists of moneys accrued from annuities secured to the Indians under treaty, and from sales of land, timber, stone, etc., surrendered by them, was, on 30th June, 1890, \$3,479,201, the expenditure from which, charged principally to interest, amounted to \$293,651. The expenditure from Parliamentary appropriations was \$1,057,561—making a total of \$1,351,212.

The
Indian
Fund.

93. The quantity of land sold for the benefit of the Indians during the year was 6,731 acres, realising \$22,951. The quantity of Indian land now held by the Government for sale is about 469,400 acres.

Land sold
for In-
dians.

94. The following table will give some idea of the increase in population and value of property in some of the principal cities and towns in Canada during the last ten years. Thanks are due to the several clerks who were obliging enough to furnish

Progress of
some prin-
cipal cities
and towns
in Canada.